TITLE 14. Fish and Game Commission
Notice of Proposed Changes in Regulations

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fish and Game Commission (Commission), pursuant to
the authority vested by sections 200, 202, 205, 215, 220, 240, 315 and 316.5, of the Fish and
Game Code and to implement, interpret or make specific sections 200, 205, 206, 215 and
316.5, of said Code, proposes to amend subsection (b)(91.1) of Section 7.50, Title 14,
California Code of Regulations, relating to Klamath River sport fishing regulations.

Informative Digest/Policy Statement Overview

Quota Adjustment: Under current regulations in subsection (b)(91.1)(C) of Section 7.50,
Title 14, California Code of Regulations, the allowable Chinook salmon harvest in the Klamath
River system is based on spawning run-size predictions and spawning escapement goals. The
harvest and the distribution of the catch are regulated by seasons, daily and weekly bag and
possession limits, and area quotas and allocations.

Annual adjustment of the quota is necessary to meet natural and hatchery escapement needs
for Klamath River fall-run Chinook salmon stocks, while providing equitable harvest
opportunities for ocean (sport and commercial) and river (sport and tribal) users. The total river
system recreational harvest of fall-run Chinook salmon is currently regulated by a quota. In
2005, the share, or impact quota, for the Klamath River basin allowable sport catch was 1,262
adult fish (15 percent of the total allowable harvest by non-tribal fisheries, including ocean-
commercial, ocean-recreational and recreational-river fisheries).

Projections of the abundance of adult Klamath River fall-run Chinook salmon in the 2006
season are not yet available from the Pacific Fishery Management Council (PFMC).
Consequently, the Department is suggesting that the Commission consider a range of 0 -15,000
adult Chinook salmon quota for the river-recreational fishery for notice requirements. The
Commission also will consider modifying the share of the allowable catch allocated to the river
recreational fishery (which was 15 percent in 2005). Adjustment of this share is included in the
recommended 0 - 15,000 range of the quota. As in prior years, the river recreational fishing
quota would be split evenly between the fisheries within each sub-quota area above and below
the Highway 96 bridge at Weitchpec.

Closures to Modify Allocations: The Department believes that the regulations should, if
possible, allow fishing opportunities for adult fall-run Chinook salmon throughout the entire
Klamath River Basin. Currently, the annual recreational impact quota is split evenly, with 50%
of the quota allocated to the Klamath River below the Highway 96 bridge at Weitchpec and 50%
to the remainder of the Klamath River Basin above the Highway 96 bridge at Weitchpec,
including the Trinity River. Current regulations define three sub-quota areas above the Highway
96 bridge at Weitchpec. The three quotas ensure equitable harvest of adult fall-run Chinook in
the upper Klamath and Trinity rivers. In 2004, the boundary between the lower and upper sub-
quota areas for the Klamath River Basin changed from Coon Creek Falls to the Highway 96
bridge at Weitchpec. Subsection (b)(91.1)(C)1.f.(ii) is being amended to be consistent with this
boundary.

Anglers may retain adult Chinook salmon five days a week. The retention of adult Chinook
salmon is prohibited on Tuesdays and Wednesdays from Weitchpec to the mouth of the Klamath from August 26, through November 30; Weitchpec to Iron Gate Dam, from September 1, through November 30; Trinity River from the confluence with the Klamath to Hawkins Bar from September 1, through November 30; Cedar Flat to the Old Lewiston Bridge from September 15, through November 30.

In order to maintain the harvest of adult Chinook salmon in the Klamath River through Labor Day (September 4, 2006) weekend, the Department reviewed the run-timing of both fall-run and spring-run Chinook salmon in the lower Klamath River. Based on this analysis the Department recommends that the reduction in the number of days per week anglers would be allowed to retain a Chinook salmon over 22 inches total length be changed to the following: August 15, through November 30 in the Klamath River Below the Highway 96 bridge at Weitchpec. The recommended change would decrease fall-run Chinook salmon harvest opportunities by 11 days.

The 2006 quota to be recommended by the PFMC is not currently known; however, it is expected to be similar to what was established for the 2005 season. All closures for adult Chinook salmon will be designed to maximize and distribute the harvest of adult fall-run Chinook salmon while managing the fishery within the impact quota.

The current quota system requires the Department to monitor angler harvest of adult Chinook in each sub-quota area on a real-time basis. Due to funding and personnel reductions, the Department will be unable to deploy adequate personnel to conduct harvest monitoring in the Trinity River above Willow Creek for the 2006 season. Instead, the following recommendation is based on data analysis and management experiences from previous years that estimate harvest in the upper reaches of the Trinity River relative to known harvest in the lower Trinity and Klamath rivers. All other quota areas will be monitored on a real-time basis.

1. **Upper Trinity River Main Stem - Allowable Fishing Season from Old Lewiston Bridge to the Highway 299 West Bridge at Cedar Flat:** The Department has reviewed all available Trinity River Chinook harvest and run-timing data for this area. Based on this review, the Department has developed a Harvest Predictor Model (HPM) which incorporates creel data from the Klamath River from Iron Gate Dam downstream to the confluence with the Pacific Ocean and the Trinity River from Lewiston Dam downstream to the confluence with the Klamath River. The HPM is driven by the positive relationship between the number of fall-run Chinook salmon harvested in the lower Klamath and Trinity rivers and the number of fish harvested in the upper Trinity River. The HPM will allow the Department to implement fishing closures to ensure that anglers do not exceed established quota targets.

**Maintain Daily Bag Limit, Weekly Bag Limit and Possession Limit:** Anglers may retain adult Chinook salmon five days a week (refer to closures to modify allocations) with a daily limit of three Chinook salmon, but no more than one Chinook salmon over 22 inches total length, and one hatchery trout or one brown trout or one hatchery steelhead. No more than two Chinook salmon over 22 inches total length may be retained in any seven consecutive days. No more than 12 Chinook salmon may be possessed, of which no more than two may be over 22 inches total length. During the modified closures anglers could continue to catch and release adult Chinook salmon, harvest two Chinook salmon less than 22 inches total length per day, and retain one hatchery steelhead or one hatchery trout or one brown trout. No more than 12
Chinook salmon may be possessed, of which no more than two may be over 22 inches total length.

In 2005, the regulations that were designed to maintain the harvest of adult Chinook salmon in the Klamath River through Labor Day (September 5, 2005) weekend were successful. The regulations were based on the in-river quota of 1,262 fish with input received from the angling community. The 2006 quota to be recommended by the PFMC is not currently known; however, it is expected to be similar to what was established for the 2005 season. Consequently, the Department is not recommending any changes in the general daily bag, weekly bag, and possession limits for the 2006 Klamath River sport fishery.

The Department is proposing to add one brown trout to the bag limit for the Trinity River South Fork downstream from the mouth of Grouse Creek and for Trinity River South Fork from the mouth of Grouse Creek to the South Fork Trinity River bridge at Hyampom [(subsections (b)(91.1)(F)6.g. and (b)(91.1)(F)6.h.)]

Non-native brown trout have become well established in the Klamath River System, particularly in the Trinity River Basin. Brown trout are highly predatory and prey upon juvenile Chinook and coho salmon and steelhead trout. Allowing the take of brown trout will reduce predation on juvenile salmon and steelhead while diversifying angler harvest.

A minor editorial change from the use of “king” to “Chinook” salmon is being made so terminology is consistent throughout the regulatory language. Additional minor changes are proposed to improve the clarity of the regulations.

**NOTICE IS GIVEN** that any person interested may present statements, orally or in writing, relevant to this action at a hearing to be held at the Mission Inn, 3649 Mission Inn Avenue, Riverside, California, on Friday, March 3, 2006 at 8:30 a.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.

**NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN** that any person interested may present statements, orally or in writing, relevant to this action at a hearing to be held in the City Council Chambers, Madison Street at Pacific Street (Across from 399 Madison Street), Monterey, California, on April 7, 2006, at 8:30 a.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard. It is requested, but not required, that written comments be submitted on or before March 30, 2006 at the address given below, or by fax at (916) 653-5040, or by e-mail to FGC@fgc.ca.gov. Written comments mailed, faxed or e-mailed to the Commission office, must be received before 5:00 p.m. on April 4, 2006. All comments must be received no later than April 7, 2006, at the hearing in Monterey, CA. All written comments must include the true name and mailing address of the commentor.

The regulations as proposed in strikeout-underline format, as well as an initial statement of reasons, including environmental considerations and all information upon which the proposal is based (rulemaking file), are on file and available for public review from the agency representative, John Carlson, Jr., Executive Director, Fish and Game Commission, 1416 Ninth Street, Box 944209, Sacramento, California 94244-2090, phone (916) 653-4899. Please direct requests for the above mentioned documents and inquiries concerning the regulatory process to John Carlson, Jr., or Sherrie Koell at the preceding address or phone number. Neil Manji, Department of Fish and Game, phone (530) 225-2306, has been designated to respond to questions on the substance of the proposed regulations.
Copies of the Initial Statement of Reasons, including the regulatory language, may be obtained from the address above. Notice of the proposed action shall be posted on the Fish and Game Commission website at http://www.fgc.ca.gov.

Availability of Modified Text

If the regulations adopted by the Commission differ from but are sufficiently related to the action proposed, they will be available to the public for at least 15 days prior to the date of adoption. Circumstances beyond the control of the Commission (e.g., timing of Federal regulation adoption, timing of resource data collection, timelines do not allow, etc.) or changes made to be responsive to public recommendation and comments during the regulatory process may preclude full compliance with the 15-day comment period, and the Commission will exercise its powers under Section 202 of the Fish and Game Code. Regulations adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to the time periods for adoption, amendment or repeal of regulations prescribed in Sections 11343.4, 11346.4 and 11346.8 of the Government Code. Any person interested may obtain a copy of said regulations prior to the date of adoption by contacting the agency representative named herein.

If the regulatory proposal is adopted, the final statement of reasons may be obtained from the address above when it has been received from the agency program staff.

Impact of Regulatory Action

The potential for significant statewide adverse economic impacts that might result from the proposed regulatory action has been assessed, and the following initial determinations relative to the required statutory categories have been made:

(a) Significant Statewide Adverse Economic Impact Directly Affecting Business, including the Ability of California Businesses to Compete with Businesses in Other States:

The proposed action will not have a significant statewide adverse economic impact directly affecting business, including the ability of California businesses to compete with businesses in other states. The preservation of Klamath River salmon stocks is necessary for the success of lower and upper Klamath River Basin businesses which provide goods and services related to fishing. The proposed changes are necessary for the continued preservation of the resource and therefore the prevention of adverse economic impacts.

(b) Impact on the Creation or Elimination of Jobs within the State, the Creation of New Businesses or the Elimination of Existing Businesses, or the Expansion of Businesses in California: None.

(c) Cost Impacts on a Representative Private Person or Business:

The Commission is not aware of any cost impacts that a representative private person or business would necessarily incur in reasonable compliance with the proposed action.

(d) Costs or Savings to State Agencies or Costs/Savings in Federal Funding to the State: None.
(e) Nondiscretionary Costs/Savings to Local Agencies: None.

(f) Programs Mandated on Local Agencies or School Districts: None.

(g) Costs Imposed on any Local Agency or School District that is Required to be Reimbursed Under Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4: None.

(h) Effect on Housing Costs: None.

Effect on Small Business

It has been determined that the adoption of these regulations may affect small business.

Consideration of Alternatives

The Commission must determine that no reasonable alternative considered by the Commission, or that has otherwise been identified and brought to the attention of the Commission, would be more effective in carrying out the purpose for which the action is proposed or would be as effective and less burdensome to affected private persons than the proposed action.

FISH AND GAME COMMISSION

John Carlson, Jr.

Dated: February 7, 2006

Executive Director