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Subject: FW: REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT NON-LEAD AMMUNITION REQUIREMENTS (AB 711)
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[Untitled attachment 00022.txt](#)

February 24, 2014

Via: email - fgc@fgc.ca.gov
U.S. Mail:

California Fish and Game Commission
P.O. Box 944209
Sacramento, CA 94244-2090

Please see the Friends February, 2014 Newsletter attachment/article: "Get the Lead Out - Why So Slow ?" This article [Newsletter page 5] provides the Friends comments as to the Fish and Game Commission's ongoing consideration of Proposed Regulations to implement non-lead ammunition requirements of (AB 711). The Friends believe the sooner the lead ban provisions of AB 711 are implemented the better. The Friends request the Fish and Game Commission adopt regulations to expedite the lead ban rather than unnecessarily prolong the market for lead ammunition in California.

Thank you for your consideration and courtesy.

Tom Paulek / Susan Nash
Friends of the Northern San Jacinto Valley



SJWA Reclaimed Water – Going Down the Drain

By Tom Paulek

The Friends October, 2013 Newsletter [*Lifeblood of SJWA Circling the Drain*] sought to sound the alarm that the newly named Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) and Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) were negotiating the renewal of the 1987 Reclaimed Water contract for the San Jacinto Wildlife Area (SJWA). When the wildlife area was in its early development, back in 1987, the then Department of Fish and Game (DFG) and EMWD entered into a 25-year contract to bring reclaimed water to the SJWA to be used for the management and development of the wildlife habitats that have since been realized at this important wildlife conservation area.

Both DFG and EMWD recognized that while the term of the 1987 Agreement was twenty-five (25) years, providing water for the San Jacinto Wildlife Area was a long-term mutually beneficial program for both of these public agencies. The 1987 contract recognized reclaimed water would result in the production of valuable wildlife habitat that would support resident and migratory populations of wildlife and provide long term benefits to the public. DFG and EMWD also recognized that wildlife populations and public benefits would become dependent upon habitat supported by the reclaimed water delivery program. In recognition thereof, the DFG and EMWD considered the program to be a long-term commitment to be extended beyond the initial term of the agreement. In good faith, and consistent with their respective legal authority, the DFG and the

Continued on next page



Photo by Rosedith Marx

By Jenny Gagnon

Mystic Lake is a seasonal lake located within the San Jacinto Wildlife Area. Currently dry, it reappears with the winter rains, and may sometimes remain for several years depending on rainfall amounts.

The first recorded sighting of Mystic Lake is found in the journals of Juan Bautista de Anza, a Spanish explorer, who traveled through the area in 1774. He noted the abundance of waterfowl.

Mystic Lake is located within the Pacific flyway and attracts upwards of 150 species of birds. As a result, it is a

popular birding area for bird watchers. Some of the wetland species sighted include grebes, ducks, ibis, bitterns, egrets, herons, and coots. Birds of prey are also abundant with sightings of hawks, falcons, osprey, and white-tailed kites. Between 1990 and 2003, the abundance of birds made Mystic Lake area a top U.S. monitoring site by the Audubon Society.

Continued on page 3

IF YOU GOT A HARD COPY OF THIS NEWSLETTER IN THE MAIL AND HAVE AN EMAIL ADDRESS, PLEASE EMAIL northfriends@northfriends.org ASAP. If you do not give us an email, we will continue to send you a hard copy.

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Down the Drain

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EMWD intent was to periodically extend the agreement with such amendments as are at the time deemed necessary.

Every year at least a billion birds migrate along the Pacific Flyway that stretches from the North Slope of Alaska to Central and South America. At the present time, these migratory birds are only a fraction of those that used the Pacific flyway a mere century ago. Habitat destruction, water shortages and diversions, diminishing food sources and now climate change all threaten the birds of the Pacific Flyway. The 1987 DFG/EMWD agreement recognized the Department undertook the development and management of the SJWA as a mitigation site for wildlife losses due to the construction of the State Water Project in Southern California. DFG assumed additional wildlife mitigation obligations in 2006, especially for wetland dependent plants and animals, when it designated the SJWA a conservation reserve in the western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP) pursuant to the Federal Endangered Species Act (FESA) and a State Natural Community Conservation Plan (NCCP Act). The now DFW [former DFG] has an ongoing obligation/duty at SJWA to provide wetland habitat resources for a multitude of wetland-dependent plants and animals and could actually realize more wetland habitat development if provided the full 1987 contract allotment of reclaimed water.

In November 2012, the Friends first requested EMWD inform us as to the status of the Reclaimed Water Contract renewal. In our subsequent December, 2013 email communications with the EMWD Public Affairs Office, we reiterated the Friends desire to participate in the necessary California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review of this important public contract. We stated that, without question, this CEQA action has the potential to significantly impact the environment due to the project potential to adversely impact endangered or threatened species and numerous MSHCP plants and animals.

Our persistent inquiries on this issue resulted in the Tom Paulek and Susan Nash meeting with Paul Jones, General Manager and the EMWD legal counsel on February 5, 2014. The day before the meeting, the EMWD Public Affairs Office provided a



copy of the February, 2014 Draft Recycled Water Agreement as negotiated thus far between the EMWD and the DFW. Respective electronic links to a copy of the original **1987 Reclaimed Water Agreement** between the EMWD/DFG and the current EMWD Draft Recycled Water Agreement [**February, 2014 - INTERAGENCY RECYCLED WATER AGREEMENT**] are provided herein for public inspection. [Click on the document name to open the file online. If you received this newsletter in the mail, visit northfriends.org to view the documents.]

The Friends comparison/contrast of the 1987 agreement with the February, 2014 Draft Recycled Water Agreement clearly foretells reclaimed water at the SJWA is going down the drain. The clear intent of the original 1987 agreement was to insure reclaimed water remains available to SJWA as a long-term benefit to the public. The 1987 agreement recognized wildlife populations and public benefits would become dependent upon habitats supported by the reclaimed water delivery. In contrast, the current EMWD draft agreement allows the EMWD to terminate the contract within (10) days after written notice of default. The 1987 Agreement allots 4,500 acre feet of reclaimed water to SJWA for wildlife management and habitat development. EMWD's proposed new Agreement limits reclaimed water delivery to 2,200 acre-feet per year. Equally harmful to wildlife conservation, the present draft of the EMWD contract restricts flow requirements to SJWA for different months of the year. This effectively curtails the DFW capability to provide wetland habitat for migratory birds and numerous MSHCP plants and animals.

From the Friends perspective, the February 5, 2014 meeting with EMWD General Manager, Paul Jones and the District legal counsel was not productive or informative. EMWD continues to show little enthusiasm for public input to the largely furtive negotiations for the renewal of the SJWA reclaimed water contract. EMWD remains evasive as to public participation and the need for environmental review [CEQA review] of this important public interest project. The Friends will continue to shine the light of public scrutiny on this project. We will also continue to encourage both EMWD and the newly named Department of Fish and Wildlife to proceed to the approval of the renewal of the Reclaimed Water Agreement for the SJWA in the manner prescribed by law.



Friends is now on Facebook! Go to our page (<http://www.facebook.com/FriendsOfTheNorthernSanJacintoValley>) and hit "like" to follow us and learn about our nature walks, rare bird alerts, and other happenings in the San Jacinto Valley.

We also have maps of SJWA & surrounding areas and love to see your nature photos taken in the area. You can upload photos directly on our page or "tag" us in your photo.

Wanted: Submissions For Future Newsletters

Friends welcome articles for the newsletter, subject to the Board's approval, regarding any and all issues relating to the SJWA. We want to know your concerns, a great birding day, book or movie reviews about the environment, poems, photos, etc. Submit to northfriends@northfriends.org.

An article written in 1911 by G. Willett and Antonin Jay, for the Ornithology Journal "The Condor," describes finding many species of birds. They also mention a luxurious growth of marsh grass and extensive tule beds at the east end with many nesting colonies of birds. The abundance and variety of breeding birds made the location one of the most interesting of its kind in southern California. The article mentions ornithologists visiting the lake in 1897, also detailing the variety of birds.



At different times in its history, claims have been made on Mystic Lake's water or land. In 1913, during a dry year, Frank Brown, started a development called "Brownlands" along the banks of the lake. Unfortunately, it was destroyed by flooding during the next wet year. Farmers later created levees along the San Jacinto River to divert the water to irrigate crops, but the levees have since burst and the river reclaimed most of its original course. However, areas near the lake are still farmed and farmland may sometimes flood. Hunters also use Mystic Lake and the surrounding area. Several duck clubs make use of the lake, ponds and brush to hunt a variety of fowl. Water in the area has many competing claims from wells, upstream diversions and a 1933 tunnel built for the Colorado River Aqueduct.

Mystic Lake and the San Jacinto Wildlife Area are frequently visited by a vast variety of birds. Pictured here are a Common Yellowthroat and a Prairie Falcon. *Photos by Rosedith Marx*

As a result, there is less surface water flowing through the San Jacinto River and into Mystic Lake.

Today Mystic Lake is located within and protected by the San Jacinto Wildlife Area. The SJWA was established in 1979 to mitigate wildlife losses from the construction of the State Water Project. Many groups work to protect this jewel from the continuing pulls of development so that generations to come may enjoy our environmental heritage.

LEGAL EAGLE

Information about these cases can be obtained by going to this link <http://www.courts.ca.gov/4dca.htm> and entering the case number or name.

Paulek v. Department of Fish and Game [Wildlife] (San Diego Court of Appeal D065278)

We contend that a Conservation Easement on a Duck Club which allows the use of lead shot and contains endangered plants is not exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Paulek v. Department of Water Resources (Riverside Court of Appeal E060038)

We contend that DWR improperly removed the Emergency Release Channel component from the Perris Dam Remediation Project EIR. DWR must do a Subsequent EIR to establish the public is not endangered by the removal of the Emergency Release Channel.

Paulek v. Regional Conservation Authority (Riverside Court of Appeal E059133)

We contend that a "Criteria Refinement Process" which takes endangered species habitat out of conservation and provides mitigation lands for that removal is not exempt from CEQA.

World Logistics Center; Villages of Lakeview; Motte Ranch; Mid-County Parkway; Riverside General Plan and Climate Action Plan.

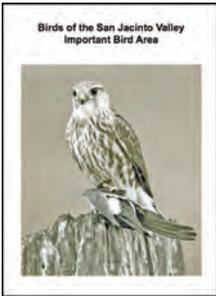
All of these projects are due out for public review in 2014. They will have the cumulative impact of paving over 100% of the private lands left in the northern San Jacinto Valley and creating the new City of Lakeview, containing (as in Moreno Valley) many apartments, homes and warehouses. All of this new development will border either the San Jacinto Wildlife Area or the adjacent private duck clubs on which the SJWA has Conservation easements. We will alert you when comments become due on any of these projects.

Merlin Bird ID—Free Birding App



The Cornell Lab of Ornithology has released a free iPhone app to help people identify 285 birds in North America. The app asks five questions: (1) What size was the bird? (2) Where did you see the bird? (3) When did you see the bird? (4) Main colors. Up to three. (5) What was it doing? (Feeder, Water, Ground, Trees, Fence, Sky). Then it displays photos of birds that match the user's description, customized to the location and time of year. It also displays photos, ID tips, sounds and range maps for each species. I downloaded and tried it here in Idyllwild at my front yard feeder and found it very helpful. Taking it to the raptor walk for sure!

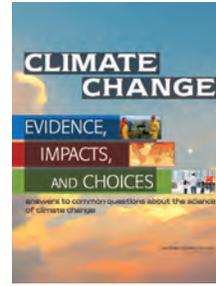
Birds of the San Jacinto Valley Important Bird Area



This brand new 32-page pamphlet is a publication of the San Bernardino Valley Audubon Society (www.SBVAS.org) using a grant from Audubon California and the Friends of the San Jacinto Valley. It describes the history and current uses of the San Jacinto Valley and has descriptions and pictures of a few of the many birds that make the San Jacinto Valley

their home. In 2001 the National Audubon Society recognized the northern San Jacinto Valley as an Important Bird Area (IBA) of Global Concern, based on scientific criteria. The IBA includes the SJWA, much of the northern San Jacinto Valley, Lake Perris, part of the Badlands, portions of the Lakeview and Bernasconi Hills and a riparian woodland along San Timeteo Creek. The booklet is divided into descriptions and pictures of Raptors; Wetlands and Waterbirds; Birds of Riparian Woodland; Scrubland Birds; and Unusual Visitors. The San Jacinto Wildlife Area is an important part of the Pacific Flyway, where every year at least a billion birds migrate from Alaska to South America. The PDF can be found at http://media.wix.com/ugd/09ca00_728292545f674c7b8b52209faafbf723.pdf

And the Friends will make copies available to you at nominal fee. Please email us at northfriends@northfriends.org if you would like us to mail you a copy.



The National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences has just published a 36 page booklet to help people understand what is known about climate change. First, it lays out the evidence that human activities, especially the burning of fossil fuels, are responsible for much of the warming and related changes being observed around the world. Second, it summarizes projections of future climate changes and impacts expected in this century and beyond. Finally, it examines how science can help inform choices about managing and reducing the risks posed by climate change. The PDF can be found at http://www.ianas.org/books/Climate_Chance.pdf And the Friends will make copies available to you at a nominal fee. Please email us at northfriends@northfriends.org if you would like us to mail you a copy.

The Sixth Extinction: An Unnatural History by Elizabeth Kolbert (published February 11, 2014)



A major book about the future of the world, blending intellectual and natural history and field reporting into a powerful account of the mass extinction unfolding before our eyes. Over the last half a billion years, there have been five mass extinctions, when the diversity of life on earth suddenly and dramatically contracted. Scientists around the world are currently monitoring the sixth extinction, predicted to be the most devastating extinction event since the asteroid impact that wiped out the dinosaurs. This time around the cataclysm is us. In the Sixth Extinction, Elizabeth Kolbert draws on the work of scores of researchers in half a dozen disciplines, accompanying many of them into the field: geologists who study deep ocean cores, botanists who follow the tree lines as it climbs up the Andes, marine biologists who dive off the Great Barrier Reef. She introduces us to a dozen species, some already gone, and others facing extinction, including the Panamanian golden frog, staghorn coral, the great auk, and the Sumatran rhino. Through these stories, Kolbert provides a moving account of the disappearances occurring all around us and traces the evolution of extinction as a concept, from its first articulation by Georges Cuvier in revolutionary Paris up through the present day. The sixth extinction is likely to be mankind's most lasting legacy; it compels us to rethink the fundamental question of what it means to be human. I downloaded this book on Kindle and was blown away by its implications for the world of my grandchildren.

Donate

Now you can make a donation to Friends of the Northern San Jacinto Valley online. Go to <http://www.northfriends.org> and click the Donate button.

Get the Lead Out – Why So Slow?

By Tom Paulek

On January 15, 2014, the Wildlife Resources Committee of the California Fish and Game Commission (Commission) conducted a public meeting at the Van Nuys State Office Building. Tom Paulek and Susan Nash attended the meeting to participate in the discussion: HOW TO IMPLEMENT NON-LEAD AMMUNITION REQUIREMENTS (AB 711). You may recall, last October Governor Jerry Brown signed into law AB 711 which distinguished California as the first state in the nation banning lead ammunition for hunting. By July 1, 2015, the new law requires the Commission to promulgate regulations to fully implement the ban on lead ammunition.

Unfortunately, for wildlife and the public, the AB 711 is not required to fully take effect until July 1, 2019.

Prior to opening the public discussion, the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) gave a presentation on its draft proposal: How to Implement Non-Lead Ammunition Requirements (AB 711). The DFW presentation related lead ammunition supply and demand issues, non-lead accessibility problems for manufacturers and retailers, and the need for time for DFW to develop education and effective enforcement protocols. In light of these concerns, the DFW reported its draft proposal for the implementation of AB 711. To its credit the draft proposal will prohibit lead ammunition on DFW managed Wildlife Areas and Ecological Reserves in 2015. The remainder of the state would not realize a prohibition on the use of lead ammunition for hunting until the year 2019. After hearing the presentation, our concern is the DFW's primary AB 711 implementation approach is to maintain the market for lead ammunition in California for as long as possible.

The harmful effects of lead ammunition on wildlife and lead deposition on California wild lands have been well documented and known for a long time. Recent research now indicates lead ammunition may be a significant public health concern. The Wildlife Society 2009 Position Statement on lead ammunition reports: "When lead that is imbedded in game meat becomes exposed to acid in the human stomach, lead may be absorbed into the system. Even if a lead pellet or bullet completely passes through an animal, a small amount of lead may be left in the tissue and may be absorbed by a person consuming the meat. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) reports there is no threshold below which lead does not cause harm, particularly to children.

The Friends membership present participated in the public discussion after the DFW presentation. We expressed the concern that the public health issue of human exposure to toxic lead from consumption of game meat shot with lead ammunition was



apparently not a factor in the DFW consideration of the lead ban implementation schedule. In the interim between full implementation of AB 711, we requested DFW provide a public health advisory warning in future hunting regulation pamphlets provided to the hunting public. The advisory would warn the public as to the hazard of eating game meat shot with lead ammunition. We also expressed the view that Proposition 65 warnings [requires "Clear and Reasonable Warning" on product labels sold in California] may require additional warning information to advise California ammunition purchasers of the hazard of consumption of game meat shot with lead ammunition.

In contrast to the DFW current draft proposal prolonging the market for lead ammunition, the recommended hunter warnings of the health risk of the consumption of lead-shot meat will serve to curtail the lead ammunition market. It would thereby encourage lead ammunition manufactures and retailers to expeditiously bring alternative non-lead ammunition to the California market. The sooner the AB 711 lead ban provisions are implemented the better. California wildlife, wild lands, and the diverse wildlife user community can only benefit by expediting the AB 711 ban on lead ammunition.



The Allusive Sora

Story & Photo by Rosedith Marx

The allusive Sora is found at the San Jacinto Wildlife Area from August to about May. The Sora belongs to the rail family along with the Virginia Rail, the American Coot and the Common Gallinule, which are also found at the Wildlife Area. Rails can move very easily through the reeds. Soras and Virginia Rails are heard more than seen, while coots and gallinules are regularly seen in the open. But once in awhile there maybe one that stays in the open frequently. This bird in the photo has been seen by several birders at the viewing area where the benches are. Best way to see the Sora is to walk quietly up to the viewing area, checking both sides as you approach. If it is out, stand still and watch it feed.

Calendar of Friends and Audubon Walks at the SJWA & Lake Perris

All walks are free and open to everyone. No reservations are needed. Children are welcome. Binoculars and birding books provided. To all walks, wear comfortable shoes, hats and sunscreen and bring water, snacks and binoculars, if you have them.

Raptor Walk

Sat. Feb. 22, 2014, 9am to 12noon.

Join the former SJWA manager to search the wildlife area for raptors and other wildlife. Over twenty-two species Birds of Prey, also called raptors, including six species of owls, peregrine falcon, bald and golden eagle, ferruginous hawk and prairie falcon can be found on the Wildlife Area. (Meet Tom Paulek, 951-368-4525, in the SJWA parking area)

Audubon Beginning Bird Walk

Sun., March 2, 2014, 8am to 10am

The goal is to teach you basic birding skills and introduce you to some of our local species. (Meet Brad Singer, 909-838-7951, or Doug Karalun, 909-425-5355, in the SJWA parking area) .

Bird Boxes

Sat., March 15, 2014, 9am-12noon

Samantha Dempster and Dan Lacek, naturalists and bird nesting box specialists, will be taking us to some of the 45 nesting boxes on the SJWA and will show us how to inspect, clean and survey the boxes. Information will be provided on how to install and maintain nesting boxes and attract a variety of cavity-nesting birds in your yards. (Meet Sue Nash, 909-228-6710, in the SJWA parking area)

Wildflowers, Rare Plants plus Butterflies, Dragonflies Damselflies & Moths

Sat., March 29, 2014, 9am-12noon

Gordon Pratt and Greg Ballmer, entomologists and butterfly specialists, will help you identify the butterflies, dragonflies, damselflies and moths which you can see on the area, and then take you around the wetlands to capture and observe close up. David Bramlet and Patrick Temple, botanists and rare plant of the SJWA specialists, will introduce you to the main plants of the coastal sage scrub, grasslands, riparian and wetlands habi-

Overview Schedule of Walks

Date	Event	Time
Feb. 22	Birds of Prey	9-12
March 2	Audubon BBW	8-10
March 15	Bird Boxes	9-12
March 29	Plants and Butterflies	9-12
April 20	Audubon SJ Valley	7-?
May 10	Lake Perris	9-11
May 18	Rose and Joyce	9-11

tats of the SJWA. Hopefully we will see the San Jacinto Crown-scale, Spreading Navarretia and Threadleaved Brodiaea, rarely found outside of the SJWA. This walk is excellent for students of all ages. Bring hand lens and butterfly net if you have them. (Meet Sue Nash, 909-228-6710, in the SJWA parking area.)

Audubon, San Jacinto Wildlife Area

Sun., April 20, 2014, 7am

Tony Metcalf and Chet McGaugh are big fans of shorebirds, and the date is excellent for a good migration experience. They intend to spend most of the day searching ponds, marshes, and sky. It is our hope that we can provide some knowledge about this fascinating bunch of birds, stimulate appreciation and interest in them, and mitigate some of the phobias. The study of shorebirds is greatly enhanced by the use of spotting scopes, so we hope there will be plenty besides our own. (Meet Tony Metcalf, 951-242-7038, and Chet McGaugh, 951-781-3699, in the SJWA parking lot)

Lake Perris

Sat., May 10, 2014, 9am-11am

Join Rosedith and Joyce on these moderately easy walks of 1-2 hours around Lake Perris. Free with paid day-use or camping fees. (Meet Rosedith Marx, 951-321-9812) in Lot 12.

Beginning Bird Walk

Sunday May 18, 2014, 9am-11am

Join Rosedith and Joyce at the SJWA to observe birds feeding, mating, nesting and watching us watching them. You will see shorebirds, ducks, raptors and upland birds—over 100 species on a good day. (Meet Rosedith Marx, 951-321-9812, in the SJWA parking area)

Interested in Joining Friends?

We are always interested in new members and volunteers as walk leaders, for help with membership, banking and taxes and to give us ideas about where we should best focus our efforts. Our Board meetings are the second Tuesday of the month, on an irregular basis. Please let Sue know if you are interested in joining us. snash22@earthlink.net

Bird Checklist for Beginning Birders

Rosedith Marx has shortened the exhaustive list of the San Jacinto Wildlife Area for beginning birders which shows 175 of the over 350 birds on the exhaustive list prepared by Doug Morton and others. Both lists can be downloaded at www.northfriends.org before you come on our walks.

Directions to the SJWA

All walks begin in the San Jacinto Wildlife Area headquarters parking lot, 17050 Davis Road, Nuevo CA. Tel. (951-928-0580) Because Davis (Theodore) Road is closed from Moreno Valley the only access is north off the Ramona Expressway — despite what your GPS may tell you. There is now a traffic light on Davis Rd.

From Moreno Valley: go south on Perris Blvd; east on

Ramona Expressway; north 2.3 miles on Davis Rd.

From San Jacinto/Hemet: go west on Ramona Expressway; north 2.3 miles on Davis Rd.

From Interstate 215: go east on Ramona Expressway; 2.3 miles north on Davis Road.

USE EXTREME CAUTION. If raining, call area office for road conditions: (951) 928-0580.



Information About the San Jacinto Wildlife Area

The San Jacinto Wildlife Area is 19,000 acres of wildlife habitat managed by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife. Its lands are partial mitigation for the State Water Project, the project that brings water from northern California to southern California so that we can live and work here.

It is a Stephens' kangaroo rat reserve for the Riverside County Habitat Conservation Agency (RCHCA); it is a cornerstone reserve in the Riverside County Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Agency (MSHCP), the county reserve system which is supposed to protect and preserve the county's endangered ani-

mals and plants.

Tens of thousands of waterfowl and shorebirds winter in the northern San Jacinto Valley. It is a known resting point and/or wintering site for migrating birds traveling the Pacific Flyway. The northern San Jacinto Valley is known for its large number of wintering birds of prey (peregrine falcon, bald eagle, ferruginous hawk, prairie falcon).

The SJWA is considered one of the premier hunting areas in southern California. All state-owned wildlife areas allow hunting. Hunting fees help support the acquisition of wildlife habitat throughout the state of California. The northern San

Jacinto Valley is considered a Significant Natural Area by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.

The northern San Jacinto Valley and Mystic Lake are considered Important Bird Areas by the National Audubon Society. The San Jacinto Wildlife Area represents an \$80 million investment of the taxpayers' money. The San Jacinto Wildlife Area includes the 10,000 acre Davis Road Unit (includes 2,000 acres of Mystic Lake) plus the 9,000 acre Potrero Creek Conservation Unit. San Jacinto Wildlife Area, 17050 Davis Road, Lakeview; (951) 928-0580; <http://www.dfg.ca.gov/lands/wa/region6/sanjacinto/index.html>

“Return Service Requested”

Membership/Donation Form

I would like to become a member of the Friends of the Northern San Jacinto Valley. I will contribute:

__ \$10 __ \$20 __ \$50 __ \$100 \$_____ Other

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ ZIP Code _____

Telephone _____ Date _____

YES! I want my next newsletter via email:

Email address: _____

Make checks payable to:

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e-mail: northfriends@northfriends.org

The Friends is a 501(c)(3) organization.

___ I would like to volunteer for the Friends

Make sure we have your email address.

We hope this is the last issue of the newsletter that will be mailed to you. Please help us save money and view pictures in living color.

IMPORTANT!

Email us asking to be included on the email list.

Send the email to:

northfriends@northfriends.org